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WETLAND DELINEATION AND JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION REPORT FOR THE MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-026, 59-140-004,-005,-006) 4678 CALLE REAL, SANTA BARBARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Suzanne Elledge Planning and Permitting Services (SEPPS), Storrer Environmental Services, LLC (SES) identified and delineated the current geographic extent of waters of the U.S., including wetlands, for an approximately 19-acre site that is zoned for residential development (Survey Area).

The following Wetland Delineation and Jurisdictional Determination Report (Report) provides an assessment and delineation of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) jurisdictional waters, including wetlands, California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) jurisdictional streambeds, and wetlands as defined by the County of Santa Barbara (County). This Report has been developed using (a) current Los Angeles District of the USACE and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance pertaining to jurisdictional delineations, and (b) a combination of 2018 field-based observations of site conditions and review of information available in the public domain (e.g., U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5' topographic quadrangle maps, the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Surveys, and aerial photographs from various sources). The results and recommendations offered in this Report are subject to final review and approval by the USACE.

1.1 PROJECT LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The Survey Area is located at 4678 Calle Real/149 N. San Antonio Road in unincorporated Santa Barbara County (County), California (APNs 59-140-004, 59-140-005, 59-140-006, 67-230-026) (Figure 1 – Site Vicinity Map). The Survey Area is an approximately 19-acre property (consisting of four contiguous parcels) that is bordered by N. San Antonio Road to the east, Calle Real to the south, and existing development to the north and west (Figure 2 – Survey Area Map). There is a fire access road dividing the westernmost parcel from the rest of the Survey Area to the east.

The property is zoned for residential development as a Housing Opportunity Site. A development plan and project description will be developed using this Report as a planning tool for avoidance and minimization of impacts to jurisdictional waters/wetlands.

2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The Survey Area is within the Eastern Goleta Valley Community Plan area (Plan Area) which is located on the coastal plain and foothills east of City of Goleta and west of City of Santa Barbara. The Survey Area is specifically designated as "Urban Area" in the Eastern Goleta Valley Community Plan and is situated in the coastal lowlands, but outside of the Coastal Zone (County 2015) (Figure 1 – Site Vicinity Map). The Survey Area has historically been used as farmland for row crops and there is a degraded paved driveway in the southeastern quarter of the property that leads to an old, raised house site (County 2015). The property is now surrounded by residential development and is mowed periodically, as it is no longer used for agricultural purposes.

The terrain within the Survey Area is relatively flat to moderately sloped, with a short, steep berm running parallel to N. San Antonio Road along the eastern perimeter. The elevation reaches approximately 100 feet above sea level at the highest points in the northeastern southwestern corners. Stormwater runoff from N. San Antonio Road sheet flows down the berm into a small swale in the southeastern portion of the Survey Area. An unnamed drainage extends from the northwestern corner to the south-central boundary of the Survey Area, east of the fire access road (Figure 2 – Survey Area

Map). The drainage is ephemeral (i.e., conveying flows during and/or immediately following a rain event) and supports a stand of arroyo willows (*Salix lasiolepis*), numerous southern California black walnut trees, and coast live oak woodland (Appendix A – Site Photographs).

The drainage is culverted at both ends and conveys runoff from storms and the adjacent urban areas. A 24-inch culvert directs flow to the drainage from the residential neighborhood north of the Survey Area. A 36-inch culvert at the south end of the Survey Area directs flow under Calle Real and Highway 101 into a concrete v-ditch (Appendix A – Site Photographs). The v-ditch ties into Hospital Creek, approximately 0.4-mile to the south. Hospital Creek joins Atascadero Creek approximately 0.8-mile to the south. Atascadero Creek eventually discharges to the Pacific Ocean approximately 3.0 miles southwest of the Survey Area (Figure 3 – Connectivity Map).

Seven vegetation communities are present in the Survey Area: annual brome grassland, arroyo willow thicket, coast live oak woodland, western ragweed meadow, coyote brush scrub, upland mustard stand, and ornamental/landscaping plantings. Vegetation communities and land cover types within the Survey Area were mapped based on field observations and aerial imagery analysis and are depicted in Figure 4 – Vegetation Map.

3.0 **REGULATORY FRAMEWORK**

Wetlands and other waters in the Survey Area are potentially subject to a variety of federal, state, and local regulations, including the federal Clean Water Act (CWA), California Fish and Game Code, County Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines, and the Eastern Goleta Valley Community Plan. The federal, state, and local regulations applicable to the Survey Area are described below.

3.1 FEDERAL REGULATIONS

3.1.1 Clean Water Act – Section 404

Section 404 of the CWA regulates the discharge of dredged and/or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands. Section 404 of the CWA is jointly administered and enforced by the USACE and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Activities in waters of the U.S. regulated under Section 404 include dredge or fill for development, water resources projects (i.e., dams and levees), infrastructure development (i.e., highways and airports), and mining projects. With the exception of certain farming and forestry activities that are exempt from Section 404 regulation, a Section 404 permit is required before any dredged or fill material may be discharged into waters of the U.S.

The Section 404 program prohibits discharge of dredged or fill material if waters of the U.S. would be significantly degraded or a practical alternative exists that is less damaging to the aquatic environment. For the Project region, a Section 404 permit would be obtained from the Los Angeles District of the USACE.

3.1.1.1 Waters of the U.S.

The limit of USACE's jurisdiction in non-tidal waters extends to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) and includes all adjacent wetlands.

Waters of the U.S. are defined as:

"All waters which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide; including all interstate waters including interstate wetlands, all other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams, mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate or foreign commerce."

U.S. Supreme Court decisions (i.e., Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County [SWANCC] v. USACE [531 U.S. 159, 2001] January 9, 2001 and Rapanos *et ux., et al.* v. United States, June 19, 2006) have led to the development of federal guidance that requires a careful examination and documentation of the physical location(s) and hydrologic connections among waters and wetlands. To determine federal jurisdiction, particular focus is given to (1) surface hydrologic connections between a wetland and "navigable waters in fact," (2) "adjacency" of a wetland to traditionally navigable waters, and thus (3) a "significant nexus" to interstate commerce. In addition, waters and wetlands features can be determined to be under federal jurisdiction by the USACE if a "significant nexus" can be shown between the wetland feature in question and its contribution to the maintenance or restoration of the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of downstream waters that are traditionally navigable.

3.1.1.2 USACE Jurisdictional Wetlands

Wetlands subject to Section 404 of the CWA are defined as:

"...those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas."

The Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Manual) (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0) (Arid West Supplement) (Environmental Laboratory 2008) provide technical guidance for identifying and delineating wetlands that may be subject to regulatory jurisdiction. The Arid West Supplement provides wetland indicators and additional guidance for delineation specific to the southwestern U.S. The delineation methods outlined in the 1987 Manual and the Arid West Supplement are based on a three-factor approach involving indicators of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology. The USACE requires that a positive wetland indicator be present for all three parameters. Wetland indictors are described in further detail below.

<u>Hydrophytic Vegetation</u>. Hydrophytic plant species are those that can tolerate prolonged inundation or soil saturation during the growing season. The hydrophytic vegetation indicator is considered to be present when 50 percent or greater of the dominant plant species within the sample plot are classified as Obligate, Facultative Wetland, or Facultative according to the National Wetland Plant List (Lichvar et al. 2014, USACE 2018). The hydrophytic vegetation indicator can

also be determined using the "Prevalence Index" when hydric soils and wetland hydrology are present but vegetation fails to meet the "Dominance Test".

<u>Hydric Soils</u>. Hydric soils are defined as soils "that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part" (Federal Register 1994). The technical criteria can be satisfied using a combination of published soils information and field indicators. Field indicators for determining whether a soil satisfies the hydric soil definition and the technical criteria for hydric soils are listed in the *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States* (USDA-NRCS 2010).

Wetland Hydrology. Wetland hydrology can be determined by evaluating a variety of direct and indirect field indicators. Direct indicators include aerial photography, stream gauge or well data, and historic records pertaining to the region. Indirect field indicators include, but are not limited to visual observation of inundation and/or saturation, sediment deposition, drainage patterns in wetlands, hydric soil characteristics, watermarks, drift lines, oxidized channels (i.e., rhizospheres) associated with living roots and rhizomes, and water stained leaves (Environmental Laboratory 1987). The Arid West Supplement provides a technical standard for wetland hydrology that requires 14 or more consecutive days of flooding or ponding, or a water table 12 inches or less below the soil surface, during the growing season at a minimum frequency of 5 years in 10 (Environmental Laboratory 2008).

3.2 STATE REGULATIONS

3.2.1 Clean Water Act – Section 401

The CWA Section 401 Water Quality Certification (Section 401 Certification) provides states and authorized tribes an opportunity to address the aquatic resource impacts of federally issued permits and licenses, to help protect water quality. Under Section 401 of the CWA, any applicant for a federal license or permit to conduct any activity that may result in any discharge into waters of the U.S. must obtain a Section 401 Certification from the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards. In California, Section 401 Certifications are issued by Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCB) located throughout the state. The Central Coast RWQCB issues Section 401 Certifications for projects in the County. The federal CWA Section 404 permit is dependent on and subject to the terms of the Section 401 Certification. Therefore, under Section 401, a federal agency cannot issue a permit or license for an activity that may result in discharge into waters of the U.S. until the RWQCB has granted or waived the Section 401 Certification. Section 401 Certification is limited to federally jurisdictional waters and wetlands.

3.2.2 California Fish and Game Code

Under Sections 1600-1616 of the California Fish and Game Code, the CDFW regulates all activity that may substantially divert or obstruct the natural flow of any river, stream, or lake; change or use any material from the bed, channel or bank of any river, stream, or lake; or, deposit debris, waste or other materials that could pass into any river, stream or lake. Notification of Lake or Streambed Alteration must be submitted to CDFW for such activities. CDFW defines a stream as:

"...a body of water that flows at least periodically or intermittently through a bed or channel having banks and supports fish or other aquatic life. This includes watercourses having a surface or subsurface flow that supports or has supported riparian vegetation."

CDFW jurisdiction typically includes all portions of the bed, banks, and channel of a stream, including intermittent and ephemeral streams, and extends outward to the upland edge of the riparian vegetation.

3.3 LOCAL REGULATIONS

3.3.1 Stream and Riparian Habitat Protection

The *Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines Manual* (County 2008) defines riparian habitat as the "terrestrial or upland area adjacent to freshwater bodies, such as the banks of creeks and streams, the shores of lakes and ponds, and aquifers which emerge at the surface as springs or seeps. This habitat can also occur along arroyos and barrancas, and other types of drainages throughout the County".

County-prescribed setbacks (i.e., buffer areas) from the outer (upland) edge of the riparian canopy, or the top-of-bank of the water body in the absence of riparian vegetation, are 100 feet in rural areas and 50 feet in urban areas. Intrusion within the buffer areas for riparian habitats and streams may be considered significant.

3.3.2 Santa Barbara County Wetland Definition

The County Board of Supervisors has formally adopted the USFWS/CDFW-wetland definition (Cowardin et al. 1979). Per the County *Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines Manual* (County 2008), the County wetland definition is as follows:

"For the purposes of this classification wetlands must have one or more of the following three attributes:

- 1) At least periodically the land supports predominantly hydrophytes (plants specifically adapted to live in wetlands);
- 2) The substrate is predominantly undrained hydric (wetland) soil; and,
- 3) The substrate is nonsoil and is saturated with water or covered by shallow water at some time during the growing season of each year."

4.0 METHODS

The geographic extent of waters of the U.S., including wetlands, CDFW-jurisdictional streambeds, and County wetlands within the Survey Area were delineated using a combination of background literature review, applied field methods, and ArcGIS analysis. Wetland delineation field methods were consistent with the federal, state, and local policies and definitions described in Section 2.0 above.

This Report was prepared to document the current extent of jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including wetlands, as well as wetlands that meet the County criteria within the Survey Area. The wetland delineation was conducted on March 23, March 27 and April 18, 2018, by SES botanist, Jessica Peak and biologist, Justine Cooper.

4.1 **REVIEW OF BACKGROUND MATERIALS**

Prior to the field delineation, SES reviewed available public domain information including the NRCS Web Soil Survey of Santa Barbara County, California, South Coastal Part (NRCS 2018), USGS Santa Barbara, CA 7.5-minute quadrangle map, the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) (USGS 2018), National Wetlands Inventory (USFWS 2018), and weather data.

4.2 DELINEATION OF WATERS OF THE U.S., INCLUDING WETLANDS

4.2.1 Waters of the U.S.

Pursuant to Section 401 of the CWA, the limit of USACE jurisdiction in non-tidal waters extends to the OHWM and includes all adjacent wetlands. The OHWM is an element used to identify the lateral limits of non-wetland waters based on stream geomorphology and vegetation response to the dominant stream discharge (Lichvar and McColley 2008). The OHWM was established along drainages in the Survey Area using debris racking and drainage patterns as a boundary. The width of the channel at the OHWM was mapped by using an iPad tablet with ArcCollector and a SkyPro XGPS160 Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver and jurisdictional acreages were calculated using aerial imagery and ArcGIS.

SES adhered to existing federal guidance for determination of federal jurisdiction in waters and wetlands in the Survey Area. To start, we recognized that the drainage is ephemeral and only holds water during and following rain events, and as a result of runoff from the residential neighborhood to the north. Consequently, the drainage is infrequently connected to Atascadero Creek (via Hospital Creek) downstream of the Survey Area, which discharges into the "traditionally navigable waters" of the Pacific Ocean.

4.2.2 Federal Wetlands

Delineation of the USACE-jurisdictional wetlands within the Survey Area was consistent with "Routine" procedures detailed in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the Arid West Supplement (Environmental Laboratory 2008).

The extent of the wetland features was determined by topographic changes in the terrain, presence of hydrophytic plant species, and the limits of drift deposits or drainage patterns. Soil test pits were excavated throughout the drainage to confirm the presence/absence of hydric soils (see Appendix B – Wetland Data Forms). The soil test pits (sampling points) and jurisdictional limits were mapped by using an iPad tablet with ArcCollector and a SkyPro XGPS160 GPS receiver. The radius of sample plots was 20 feet around the soil pit excavated at each sampling point. USACE-jurisdictional wetlands were determined to be present if evidence of all three federal criteria were observed (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology).

4.2.2.1 Vegetation

Presence of hydrophytic vegetation was determined by identifying all plant species within an approximate 20-foot radius at each sampling point and assigning the indicator status, as listed in *The National Wetland Plant List: 2014 Update of Wetland Ratings* (Lichvar et al. 2014) and the *National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) Website* (USACE 2018). The indicator status refers the

relative frequency with which a plant species occurs in jurisdictional wetlands versus non-wetlands and are described as follows:

- **OBL** = Hydrophyte; obligate wetland plants that almost always occur in wetlands.
- **FACW** = Hydrophyte; facultative wetland plants that usually occur in wetlands, but may occur in non-wetlands.
- **FAC** = Hydrophyte; facultative plants that occur in wetlands and non-wetlands.
- **FACU** = Non-hydrophyte; facultative upland plants that usually occur in non-wetlands, but may occur in wetlands.
- **UPL** = Non-hydrophyte; obligate upland plants that almost never occur in wetlands.

Plant species not listed on the NWPL are considered UPL for wetland delineation purposes (Lichvar et al. 2014). The percent cover of all species in each of four strata (tree, sapling/shrub, herb, and woody vine) was determined within each sampling plot. Species identifications and taxonomic nomenclature follow *The Jepson Manual, Second Edition* (Baldwin et al. 2012) and *A Flora of the Santa Barbara Region, California, Second Edition* (Smith 1998). Dominant species were determined using the dominance test and/or prevalence index, when necessary, as recommended in the Arid West Supplement (Environmental Laboratory 2008).

4.2.2.2 Soils

The NRCS Web Soil Survey tool (NRCS 2018) was used to review soil types within the Survey Area. The presence of hydric soil indicators was determined in the field based on the criteria outlined in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and information provided in the Arid West Supplement (Environmental Laboratory 2008) and the *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States: A Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils* (USDA-NRCS 2010). Soil tests pits were excavated within the drainage to determine the presence or absence of hydric soils and wetland hydrology (i.e., sample points). Soil pits were dug to a maximum 16 inches, or until a restrictive layer prevented further excavation. A Munsell[®] Soil Color Chart (Munsell 2000) was used to identify the color of the soil matrix and redox features, if present. If positive wetland parameters were established, additional soil pits were excavated, as necessary, to determine the outer limits of each wetland feature.

4.2.2.3 Hydrology

Observations of wetland hydrology were conducted along the length of the drainage. Consistent with the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) protocols in the Arid West Supplement (Environmental Laboratory 2008), each sampling point was evaluated for primary and secondary indicators of wetland hydrology. The presence or absence of indicators such as drift deposits, sediment deposits, and drainage patterns were used to determine wetland hydrology.

4.3 CDFW JURISDICTIONAL STREAMBEDS AND WETLANDS

Pursuant to Section 1600 *et seq.* of the California Fish and Game code, the extent of CDFW jurisdiction along the drainage was determined based on presence of a defined physical bed, bank, and channel. The extent of CDFW-defined one parameter wetlands corresponds to County

wetlands discussed below. The approximate length, width, and jurisdictional acreages were calculated using aerial imagery and ArcGIS.

4.4 COUNTY WETLANDS

The extent of County wetlands was determined concurrently with field delineation of federal wetlands. As defined by the *Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines Manual* (County 2008), County wetlands were determined to be present if evidence of one of the three federal wetland criteria were observed (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, or wetland hydrology). The extent of County wetlands was determined in the field by drift deposits and drainage patterns. The limits of County wetlands were mapped by using an iPad tablet with ArcCollector and a SkyPro XGPS160 GPS receiver. Approximate jurisdictional acreages were calculated using ArcGIS.

5.0 RESULTS

The following sections provide a summary of environmental conditions in the Survey Area including climate, current land uses, soils, hydrology, and jurisdictional areas documented during the wetland delineation. Representative photographs of environmental conditions and jurisdictional waters and wetlands present in the Survey Area are provided in Appendix A.

5.1 CLIMATE AND HYDROLOGY

The Goleta region experiences a Mediterranean climate, with mild, moist winters and warm, dry summers. A heavy marine layer or fog is often present in late spring and early summer mornings. Temperatures at the Survey Area are relatively mild, with an average maximum temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit (F) in August and September and an average minimum temperature of 40 degrees (F) in December and January (Santa Barbara Station No. 047905) (WRCC 2018). Average annual precipitation is 16.34 inches, with the majority of that falling between November and April. The Subject Area is within the Atascadero Creek watershed (Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 18060013) and Santa Barbara County Subbasin (Site USGS 11120000) (USGS 2018). Goleta received 8.97 inches of rain thus far in the 2018 water year (water year runs from Sept 1 through Aug 31 and is designated by the calendar year in which it ends), which is 48% of the "Normal-to-Date" rainfall for the area (County 2018a).

The drainage in the western portion of the Survey Area contains water periodically due to a combination of runoff from adjacent residential neighborhoods to the north and winter stormwater. The drainage receives flow from the north through an existing 24-inch concrete box culvert. A narrow eroded channel, with evident bed and bank, directs flow from the culvert to an arroyo willow thicket (Appendix A – Site Photographs). At that point, bed and bank are no longer present and stormwater runoff sheet flows southward across the property through western ragweed meadow, annual brome grassland, and another arroyo willow thicket. Bed and bank are present again in the southernmost arroyo willow thicket, where stormwater runoff has created a second erosion feature (Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map). The southern channel directs flow under Calle Real through a 36-inch concrete box culvert, to Atascadero Creek (via Hospital Creek) and ultimately to the Pacific Ocean.

A storm event on March 20-22, 2018 resulted in approximately 3.28 inches of rainfall at the Survey Area (County 2018b). Standing water (approximately 1 to 4 inches deep) was observed in several locations along the drainage on March 23, 2018 (Appendix A – Site Photographs). Evidence of flow

(e.g., drainage patterns, debris racking) was present within the bed and bank of the northern and southern erosion features. The small swale in the southeastern portion of the Survey Area receives stormwater runoff from N. San Antonio Road, but no hydrology indicators were observed in the swale following the March 20-22, 2018 storm event or during wetland sampling.

No water was present in the Survey Area on March 27 or April 18, 2018 when wetland sampling occurred (Appendix B – Wetland Data Forms).

5.2 SOILS

Two mapped soil units have been identified in the Survey Area (Figure 6 – Soils Map):

- Elder sandy loam (EaB), 2 to 9 percent slopes
- Milpitas-Positas fine sandy loam (MeD2), 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

The majority of the Survey Area is comprised of Milpitas-Positas fine sandy loam, a moderately well drained sandy soil with an underlying restrictive clay layer that forms on moderately sloped terraces (9 to 15 percent slope) (NRCS 2017). Runoff can be of moderate concern due to the low permeability of the underlain clay layer. Milpitas-Positas fine sandy loam is present at SP08, which is located in the swale that receives runoff from N. San Antonio Road in the southeastern portion of the Survey Area (Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map).

The central portion of the Survey Area consists of Elder sandy loam and encompasses the drainage and associated waters/wetlands. Elder sandy loam is a well-drained soil derived from alluvium that forms on relatively flat landforms (alluvial fans, floodplains, and inset fans) (NRCS 2018). Elder sandy loam is present at SP01-SP07 and SP09 (Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map).

The presence of hydric soils was determined using a combination of direct field observations and review of the Web Soil Survey of Santa Barbara County, California, South Coastal Part (NRCS 2018). No hydric soil indicators were observed at any of the wetland Sample Points (SP01-SP09) (Appendix B – Wetland Data Forms).

5.3 JURISDICTIONAL WATERS AND WETLANDS

Soils pits were excavated and data were collected at nine sampling points within the Survey Area (see Appendix B – Wetland Data Forms, Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map). Waters/wetlands in the Survey Area are depicted in Figure 5 and described in detail below.

5.3.1 Waters of the U.S.

The erosion features in the northern and southern portions of the drainage have defined bed and banks, are periodically connected to downstream waters (i.e., Hospital Creek, Atascadero Creek), and are therefore likely to be considered jurisdictional waters under current federal guidance. Hydrology indicators (e.g., debris racking, drainage patterns) were observed in the channels of both the northern and southern erosion features on March 23 and March 28, 2018.

The channel in the northern erosion feature is narrow, approximately 90 feet long, and 2 to 3 feet wide and 12 to 24 inches deep at the OHWM. It has gradually sloped banks that range from 4 feet to 10 feet in height. The channel bottom is comprised of sediment and vegetation, with little to no

cobble. One (1) to 4 inches of standing water was observed in the channel in the northern erosion feature on March 23, 2018, approximately 24 hours after a storm event (Appendix A – Site Photographs).

The channel in the southern erosion feature is approximately 370 feet long and ranges from 3 to 6 feet wide and 12 to 36 inches deep at the OHWM. The banks are incised to moderately sloped and range from 4 feet to 10 feet in height and the channel bottom consists of sediment and cobble (Appendix A – Site Photographs). Evidence of flow (debris racking and drainage patterns) was observed in the channel in the southern erosion feature on March 23, 2018, but no standing water was present.

The area of USACE-jurisdictional waters of the U.S. extends to the OHWM on the banks of the northern and southern erosion features (0.20-acre) (Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map).

5.3.2 Federal Wetlands

None of the Sample Points met all three wetland criteria. Therefore, no federal-defined wetlands are present within the Survey Area.

5.3.3 CDFW Jurisdictional Streambed and Wetlands

The width of the northern and southern erosion features at the top of the bank (TOB) ranges from 5 to 20 feet wide. The erosion features are encompassed by either riparian vegetation or CDFW-defined wetland habitat. Therefore, the upland limit of CDFW jurisdiction along the drainage was determined based on the outer extent of riparian vegetation or CDFW-defined wetlands (Figure 5 – Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Map). Approximately 1.55 acres of CDFW-jurisdictional streambed and wetlands are present in the Survey Area. CDFW wetlands correspond to the County wetlands described below (i.e., one wetland parameter required).

5.3.4 County Wetlands

Hydrophytic vegetation (i.e., OBL, FACW, and FAC) is not dominant at any of the Sample Points within the drainage or in the swale off of N. San Antonio Road (Appendix B – Wetland Data Forms). Facultative (FAC) plant species in the western ragweed meadow and annual brome grasslands surrounding the drainage are limited to English plantain (*Plantago lanceolata*), patches of mugwort (*Artemisia douglasiana*), and scattered occurrences of curly dock (*Rumex crispus*). Throughout the western ragweed meadow these FAC plant species are co-dominant with upland annual grasses such as hare barley (*Hordeum murinum* ssp. *leporinum*; FACU), ripgut brome (*Bromus diandrus*; UPL), and soft chess (*Bromus hordeaceus*; FACU). Western ragweed (*Ambrosia psilostachya*; FACU) is also scattered throughout the drainage and into the surrounding annual brome grassland in lower quantities. Only one individual obligate (OBL) wetland plant, umbrella sedge (*Cyperus eragrostis*), was observed in the Survey Area at SP05. One Facultative (FAC) plant species, curly dock, was observed in low densities scattered throughout the swale off N. San Antonio Road (Appendix A – Site Photographs).

Soils at the Sample Points consisted of sandy loam, typically with low sand content in the upper soil profile and higher sand content in the lower soil profile (Appendix A – Site Photographs). The

soil matrix colors (Munsell [2000] Colors) in the upper soil profile included very dark grayish brown (10 YR 3/2), dark brown (10 YR 3/3), and dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4). Lower soil profile colors included brown (10 YR 4/3) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4). No hydric soil indicators were observed at any of the Sample Points (SP01 – SP09).

A primary indicator of wetland hydrology (drift deposits) was observed at three of the nine wetland Sample Points (SP02, SP07, SP09) (Appendix A – Site Photographs). Therefore, portions of the drainage the meet the County wetland definition based on this one criterion. Drift deposits (e.g., oak leaves, twigs, etc.) were observed at all three locations and drainage patterns were also evident at SP02. The lateral extent of County wetlands was delineated based on presence of these hydrology indicators (0.27-acre).

6.0 SUMMARY OF REGULATORY AGENCY JURISDICTION

The unnamed drainage in the Survey Area contains USACE non-wetland Waters of the U.S., CDFW Streambed, and CDFW/County-defined (one parameter) wetlands. No USACE-defined wetlands are present in the Survey Area. The total acreages of waters/wetlands on-site that are subject to the permitting authority of the USACE, CDFW, and County are summarized in Table 1 below.

	Waters of	of the U.S.				
Location	Non-wetland Waters (Acres)	USACE-defined Wetlands (Acres)	CDFW-Jurisdictional Streambed/Wetlands (Acres) ¹	County Wetlands (Acres)		
Unnamed Drainage	0.20	0	1.55	0.27		
Swale from N. San Antonio Road	0	0	0	0		
Totals:	0.20		1.55	0.27		

Table 1 – Jurisdictional Acreages within the Survey Area

¹ Acreage for CDFW-jurisdictional areas includes County wetlands.

6.1 U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

As reported above, there are no USACE-jurisdictional wetlands within the Survey Area. Approximately 0.20-acre of waters of the U.S. was identified and mapped within the Survey Area. USACE jurisdiction extends to the OHWM on the banks of the northern and southern erosion features within the drainage.

This delineation is conditional upon review and final jurisdictional determination by the USACE. USACE-defined waters are also subject to the permitting authority of the County.

6.2 CDFW JURISDICTIONAL STREAMBED AND WETLANDS

Approximately 1.55 acres of CDFW jurisdictional streambed/wetlands were identified and mapped within the Survey Area. The limits of CDFW jurisdiction extends to the outer edge of the riparian vegetation, the outer edge of CDFW-defined wetlands, or the TOB, whichever is greater.

The CDFW administers Streambed Alteration Agreements under Sections 1600-1607 of the Fish & Game Code. Sections 1600-1607 address any project that will "(1) divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or the bed, channel, or bank of any river, stream, or lake designated by the department [California Fish and Wildlife] in which there is at any time an existing fish or wildlife resource or from which these resources derive benefit, (2) use materials from the streambeds designated by the department, or (3) result in the disposal or deposition of debris, waste, or other material containing crumbled, flaked, or ground pavement where it can pass in to any river, stream, or lake designated by the department" (Section 1601). A Streambed Alteration Agreement is required for any work occurring within a water or wetland with defined bed and bank features.

6.3 CENTRAL COAST REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD

The drainage periodically discharges stormwater runoff into downstream waters (i.e., Hospital Creek, Atascadero Creek, and Pacific Ocean). The Central Coast RWQCB regulates work involving discharge of pollutants into waters/wetlands under Section 402 of the CWA and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit (NPDES) program. Under the NPDES program, projects involving discharge of pollutants into waters/wetlands must have a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), which is reviewed and approved by the Central Coast RWQCB and the County.

6.4 COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

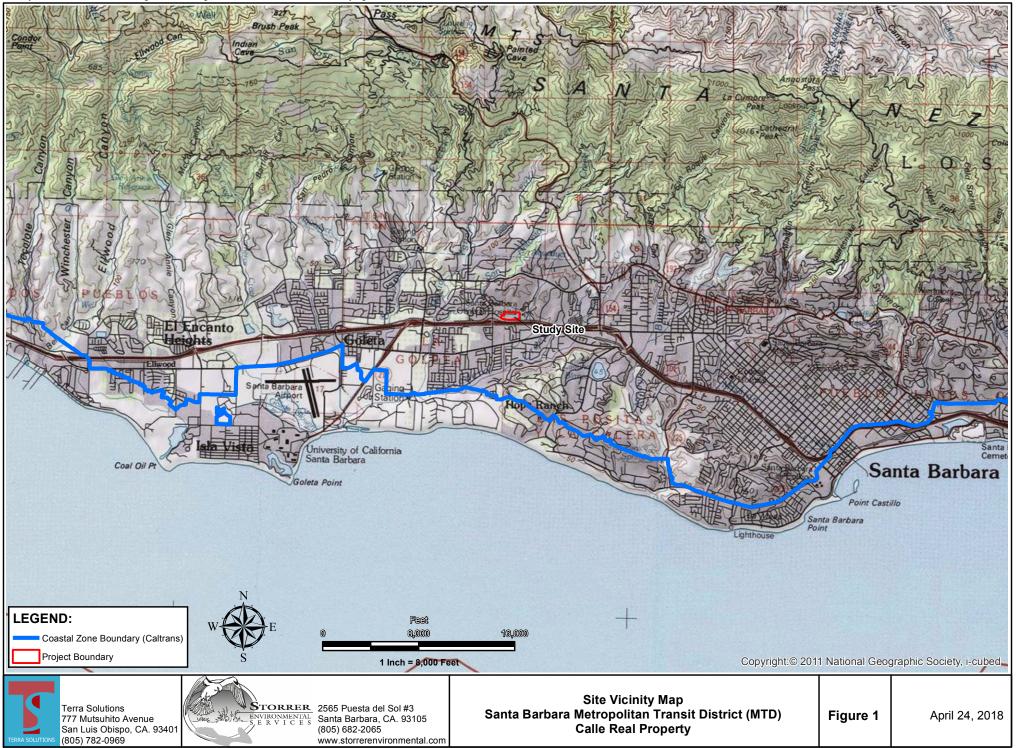
The Survey Area contains 0.27-acre of one parameter wetlands and 1.28 acres of riparian habitat that are subject to the permitting authority of the County. Project-related impacts to County wetlands or streams/riparian areas must be mitigated or avoided, consistent with County land use policies protecting streams and wetlands. Per the *Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines Manual* (County 2008), the County-prescribed setback for wetland and stream habitats is 50 feet in urban areas. Intrusion within the buffer areas for wetland and riparian habitats may be considered significant.

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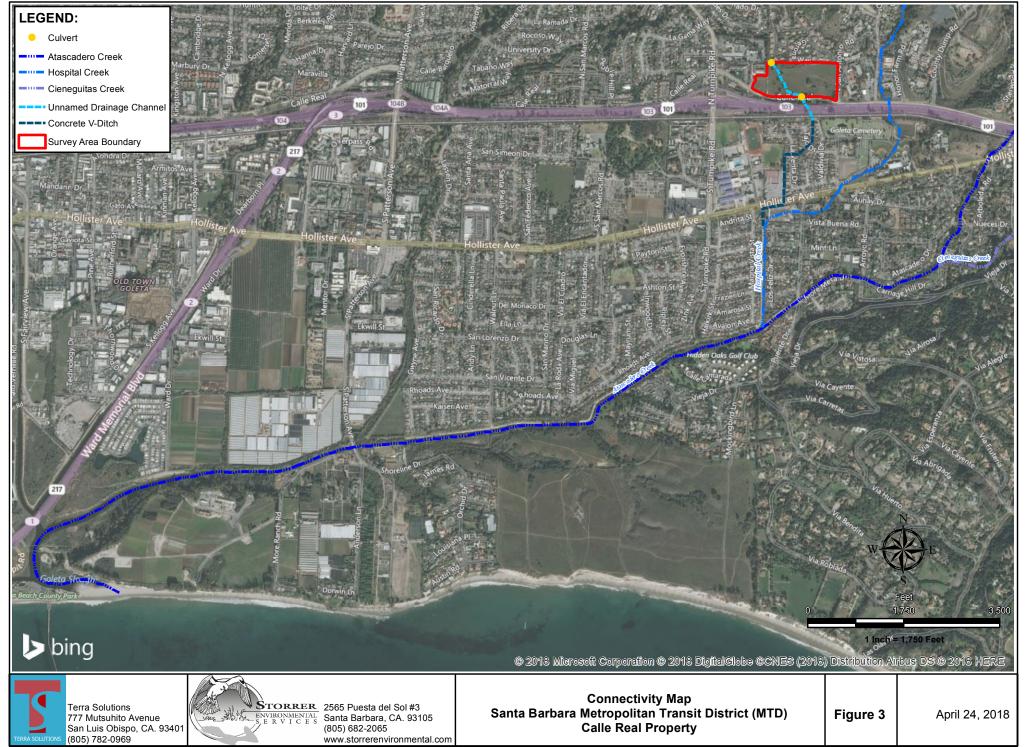
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FIGURES





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Calle Real Property



County Wetland (0.27 acres)

T 7 s





Jurisdictional Waters and Wetland Map Santa Barbara Metropolitan Transit District (MTD) Calle Real Property

Figure 5	April 25, 2018								

1 Inch - 165 East

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APPENDIX A SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photo 1. View of the drainage from the northwest corner of site (Aspect: Southeast). Photo taken March 23, 2018



Photo 2. Sample Point SP01 located along the eastern side of the drainage adjacent to a southern California black walnut (Aspect: Northeast). Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 3. Culvert on the northern Survey Area boundary that receives runoff from the residential neighborhood (Aspect: North). Photo taken March 23, 2018.



Photo 4. Culvert at the south end of the drainage that conveys runoff under Calle Real and Hwy 101 to Hospital Creek (Aspect: Southeast). Photo taken March 23, 2018.



Photo 5. Eroded channel in northern portion of drainage (Aspect: North). Several inches of standing water was present 24 hours after a rain event. Photo taken March 23, 2018.



Photo 6. Channel in southern erosion feature (Aspect: Northwest). Drainage patterns and debris racking were evident in channel. Photo taken March 23, 2018.



Photo 7. Swale in southeast corner of the Survey Area that receives runoff from N. San Antonio Road (Aspect: West). Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 8. Sample Point SP08 located in swale off N. San Antonio Road (Aspect: West). Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 9. Sample Point SP07 located in the County wetland (Aspect: South). Drift deposits (oak leaves, twigs) visible behind soil pit and shovel. Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 10. Standing water observed at Sample Point SP02, located in the County wetland, 24 hours after a storm event (Aspect: Southeast). Photo taken March 23, 2018.



Photo 11. Sample Point SP04 located in a patch of mugwort in the central portion of the drainage (Aspect: North). No wetland indicators were observed. Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 12. Sample Point SP05 during wetland data collection 5 days after a storm event (Aspect: North). No wetland indicators were observed. Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 13. Soil excavated from SP05. Soil color was dark brown (10YR 3/3) with moderate sand content. Photo taken March 27, 2018.



Photo 14. Sample Point SP09 located in the County wetland (Aspect: South). Photo taken April 18, 2018.

APPENDIX B

WETLAND DATA FORMS

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project Site: <u>MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-026, 5</u> Applicant/Owner: <u>Metropolitan Transit District</u>	<u>9-140-004,-0</u>	<u>05006)</u>	City/Count	State: <u>CA</u>	Sampling Date: Sampling Point:		<u>27, 2018</u>
Investigator(s): <u>Jessica Peak, Justine Cooper</u>				ownship, Range:			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): <u>swale</u>			cal relief (con	icave, convex, none): <u>concave</u>		pe (%):	<u>0</u>
Subregion (LRR): <u>C</u>	Lat: <u>34.44</u>	<u>1380</u>		Long: <u>-119.78564</u>	Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: EaB - Elder sandy loam				NWI classifica	ation: <u>None</u>		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic	al for this tim	e of year?	Yes 🛛	No 🔲 (If no, explain in Rema	ırks.)		
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrology	signification	antly disturbed	? Are "I	Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗆
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrology	naturall	y problematic?	(If ne	eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sh	owing sam	pling point	locations,	transects, important features, e	tc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes 🗌	No 🖾					
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛	No 🖾	Is the Sam	pled Area within a Wetland?	Yes		No 🖂
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes 🛛	No 🖾					
Remarks:							
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants	5.						
Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Dominant Species?	Indicator <u>Status</u>	Dominance Test Worksheet:			
1. <u>Juglans californica</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>ves</u>	FACU	Number of Dominant Species	<u>0</u>		(A)
2				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>v</u>		(/ ()
3				Total Number of Dominant	2		(B)
4				Species Across All Strata:	<u>2</u>		(B)
50% =, 20% =	<u>2</u>	= Total Cover		Percent of Dominant Species	0		(
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>0</u>		(A/B)
1			[Prevalence Index worksheet:			
2				Total % Cover of :	Multiply	<u>, by:</u>	
3				OBL species	x1 =		
4				FACW species	x2 =		
5				FAC species	x3 =		
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cover		FACU species	x4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				UPL species	x5 =		
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>90</u>	yes	UPL	Column Totals: (A)			(B)
2. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	5	no	FAC	Prevalence Index	c = B/A = <u>4.5</u>		
3. <u>Brassica rapa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:			
4. <u>Geranium molle</u>	2	no	UPL	Dominance Test is >50%			
5				Prevalence Index is <3.0 ¹			
6				Morphological Adaptations	s ¹ (Provide supp	orting	
7				data in Remarks or on a s	eparate sheet)		
8				Problematic Hydrophytic V	egetation1 (Exp	lain)	
50% =, 20% =	107	= Total Cover					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland h be present, unless disturbed or proble			
1							
2				Hydrophytic			
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cover		Vegetation	Yes 🗌	No	\boxtimes
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	% Cover c	of Biotic Crust	<u>0</u>	Present?			
Remarks: Vegetation dominated by upland a	annual grasse	s/mustards.					

Vegetation dominated by upland annual grasses/mustards.

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Project Site:	MTD Site																				
SOIL																		Sampli	ng Poin	t: <u>SP</u>	<u>'01</u>
Profile Descr	ription: (Descri	be to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument	the inc	dicator	or conf	irm the	absen	ice of	f indic	ators.)							
Depth	Matr	ix					Redox	Featu	res												
(inches)	inches) Color (moist) % Color (Moist) % Type ¹				L	_0C ²		Text	ure		Rema	<u>ks</u>									
<u>0-12</u>	<u>10YR 3/2</u>		<u>100</u>										<u>sandy</u>	loam	low s	and co	ontent				
		_														_					
		-														_					
		-														_					
		_														_					
		_														_					
¹ Type: C= Co	ncentration, D=	Depletio	n, RM=I	Reduce	ed Mati	ix, CS=Cc	vered	or Coa	ted Sand	d Grains.	. ² Lo	catior	n: PL=	Pore Lir	ning, M	=Matri	x.				
Hydric Soil Ir	ndicators: (App	licable	to all L	RRs, u	nless	otherwise	noted	l.)					Ine	dicators	s for P	robler	natic	Hydric S	Soils ³ :		
Histoso	l (A1)					Sandy R	edox (S5)						1 c	m Muo	ck (A9)	(LRR	C)			
Histic E	pipedon (A2)					Stripped	Matrix	(S6)						2 c	m Muo	ck (A10)) (LR	R B)			
Black H	listic (A3)					Loamy N	/lucky	Minera	l (F1)					Re	duced	Vertic	(F18)				
Hydroge	en Sulfide (A4)					Loamy (Bleyed	Matrix	(F2)					Re	d Pare	ent Mat	erial (TF2)			
□ Stratifie	d Layers (A5) (I	LRR C)				Depleted	d Matri	x (F3)						Ot	her (E>	olain i	n Rem	narks)			
1 cm M	uck (A9) (LRR I	(כ				Redox D	ark Su	ırface (F6)												
Deplete	ed Below Dark S	Surface ((A11)			Depleted	d Dark	Surfac	e (F7)												
Thick D	ark Surface (A1	2)				Redox D	epres	sions (I	F8)					31	diantar	o of hu	drank		tation	and	
Sandy N	Mucky Mineral (S1)				Vernal F	ools (F	-9)								-		ytic vege must be			
Sandy (Gleyed Matrix (S	34)														-		or proble		.,	
	ayer (if presen																				
Type:																					
Depth (Inches	s):									Hydric	c Soils	s Pres	sent?			Y	'es		No	\boxtimes	1
Remarks:	No restrictive la	ayer, no	redox fe	atures	, no hy	dric soil in	dicator	s.													
HYDROLOG																					
-	rology Indicate																				
Primary Indica	ators (minimum	of one r	equired;	; check		t apply)							Sec					re requir	ed)		
Surface	e Water (A1)					Salt Cru	st (B11)						Water	Marks	s (B1) (River	ine)			
High W	/ater Table (A2)					Biotic Cr	ust (B	12)						Sedim	nent De	eposits	(B2)	(Riverin	e)		
Saturat	tion (A3)					Aquatic	Inverte	brates	(B13)					Drift D	Deposit	s (B3)	(Rive	rine)			
□ Water I	Marks (B1) (No i	nriverin	e)			Hydroge	n Sulfi	de Odo	or (C1)				\boxtimes	Draina	age Pa	itterns	(B10)				
Sedime	ent Deposits (B2	2) (Nonr	iverine))		Oxidized	Rhizo	sphere	es along	Living R	oots (C	C3)		Dry-S	eason	Water	Table	e (C2)			
Drift De	eposits (B3) (No	nriverir	ne)			Presenc	e of Re	educed	Iron (C4	l)				Crayfi	sh Bur	rows (C8)				
Surface	e Soil Cracks (B	_' 6)				Recent I	ron Re	duction	n in Tilleo	d Soils (0	C6)			Satura	ation V	isible o	on Aer	rial Imag	ery (CS))	
Inundation	tion Visible on A	erial Im	agery (E	37)		Thin Mu	ck Surl	face (C	:7)					Shallo	ow Aqu	iitard (I	D3)				
□ Water-	Stained Leaves	(B9)				Other (E	xplain	in Rem	narks)					FAC-I	Neutra	l Test (D5)				
Field Observ	ations:																				
Surface Wate	r Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	th (inc	hes):													
Water Table F	Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	th (inc	hes):													
Saturation Pre (includes capi	illary fringe)	Yes		No			th (inc						nd Hy	drology	Prese	ent?		Yes		No	\boxtimes
Describe Rec	orded Data (stre	eam gau	ige, mor	nitoring	well, a	erial photo	os, prev	vious ir	nspectior	ns), if ava	ailable	:									

Remarks: Drainage patterns evident, vegetation bent over by water/flow from storm event on March 20-22, 2018. US Army Corps of Engineers

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WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project Site: MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-026, 59-140-004,-005,-006) City/County: Santa Barbara/Santa Sampling Date	March	27,	2018
Applicant/Owner: Metropolitan Transit District State: CA Sampling Point	SP02		
Investigator(s): Jessica Peak, Justine Cooper Section, Township, Range:			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Sk	ope (%):	<u>0</u>	
Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34.44390 Long: -119.78553 Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: EaB - Elder sandy loam NWI classification: None			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 (If no, explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation D, Soil D, or Hydrology Significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes		No	
Are Vegetation 🔲, Soil 🔲, or Hydrology 🗌 naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾			
Hydric Soil Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes		No	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗆			
Remarks: One parameter ("County") wetland; delineated by drift deposits and drainage patterns.			
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.			
Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius) Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status Dominance Test Worksheet:			
1. Salix lasiolepis 20 yes FACW Number of Dominant Species			
2. That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1			(A)
3 Total Number of Dominant			
4 Species Across All Strata: 2			(B)
50% =, 20% = 20% = 20% = 20% = Total Cover Percent of Dominant Species			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius) 50			(A/B)
1 Prevalence Index worksheet:			
2 <u>Total % Cover of :</u> <u>Multip</u>	y by:		
3 OBL species <u>0</u> x1 =	<u>0</u>		
4 FACW species <u>20</u> x2 =	<u>40</u>		
5 FAC species <u>3</u> x3 =	<u>9</u>		
50% =, 20% = = Total Cover FACU species <u>1</u> x4 =	4		
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius) UPL species 101 x5 =	<u>505</u>		
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u> <u>90 yes</u> <u>UPL</u> Column Totals: <u>125</u> (A)	<u>558</u> (E	B)	
2. <u><i>Plantago lanceolata</i></u> <u>2</u> <u>no</u> <u>FAC</u> Prevalence Index = $B/A = 4.5$			
3. <u>Bromus catharticus</u> <u>1</u> <u>no</u> <u>FACU</u> Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:			
4. <u>Geranium molle</u> <u>10</u> <u>no</u> <u>UPL</u> Dominance Test is >50%			
5. <u>Hordeum murinum</u> <u>1</u> <u>no</u> <u>UPL</u> Prevalence Index is $<3.0^1$			
6. Sonchus asper 1 no UPL Mornhological Adaptations ¹ (Provide sur	oorting		
7.	Johning		
8 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Ex	olain)		
50% =, 20% = 105 = Total Cover	Jianiy		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius) 1Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus			
be present, unless disturbed or problematic.			
2			
50% =, 20% = = Total Cover Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes	No		\boxtimes
Present?			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0 % Cover of Biotic Crust 0			

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Arid West – Version 2.0

Project Site:	MTD Site
---------------	----------

SOIL		Sampling Point: SP02													
Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to	document the indicator or confirm the absence o	of indicators.)													
Depth Matrix	Redox Features														
(inches) Color (moist) % Color (M	oist) <u>% Type¹ Loc²</u>	Texture Remarks													
<u>0-3 10YR 3/2 100</u>		sandy loam low sand content													
<u>3-12 10YR 4/3 100</u>		sandy loam high sand content													
¹ Type: C= Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Ma	¹ Type: C= Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :														
Histosol (A1)	Sandy Redox (S5)	1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)													
Histic Epipedon (A2)	Stripped Matrix (S6)	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)													
Black Histic (A3)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	Reduced Vertic (F18)													
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Red Parent Material (TF2)													
Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	Other (Explain in Remarks)													
□ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) □	Redox Dark Surface (F6)														
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)														
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Redox Depressions (F8)	³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and													
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Vernal Pools (F9)	wetland hydrology must be present,													
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		unless disturbed or problematic.													
Restrictive Layer (if present):															
Туре:															
Depth (Inches):	Hydric Soils Pre	esent? Yes 🗌 No 🛛													
Remarks: No restrictive layer, no redox features, no h	ydric soil indicators; matrix from 3-12 in much more s	sandy than upper 3 in.													
HYDROLOGY															
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:															
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all th	at apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)													
Surface Water (A1)	Salt Crust (B11)	Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)													
High Water Table (A2)	Biotic Crust (B12)	Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)													
Saturation (A3)	Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)													
Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)													
Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)													
Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)													
		_ , , ,													
	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)													
□ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □		 Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Shallow Aquitard (D3) 													
□ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks)														
Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Image: Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Image: Soil Cracks (B7)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)													
Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Image: Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Image: Surface Soil Cracks (B9) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Image: Surface Soil Cracks (B9)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)													
Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Image (B7) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Image (B7) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Image (B7) Field Observations: Image (B7) Surface Water Present? Yes No	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches):	Shallow Aquitard (D3)													
Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Imagery (B7) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Imagery (B7) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Imagery (B7) Field Observations: Imagery (B7) Surface Water Present? Yes No Water Table Present? Yes No Imagery (B7) Saturation Present? Yes No Imagery (B7)	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)													
Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Image (B7) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Image (B7) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Image (B7) Field Observations: Image (B7) Surface Water Present? Yes No Water Table Present? Yes No Image (B7)	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Depth (inches): Depth (inches): Depth (inches): Wetla	Shallow Aquitard (D3)													

 Remarks:
 Two inches of standing water observed at SP02 on 3/23/18 following storm event on March 20-22. Drift deposits and drainage patterns evident, vegetation bent over by water/flow.

 US Army Corps of Engineers
 Arid West – Version 2.0

Project Site:	MTD SITE (APN	IS 67-230-026, §	59-140-	<u>004,-005,-006)</u>	City/County	r: <u>Santa Barbara</u>	arbara/Sa	inta	Sampling D	ate:	March	<u>n 27, 2018</u>
Applicant/Owner:	Metropolitan Tra	ansit District					State	e: <u>CA</u>	Sampling P	oint:	<u>SP03</u>	
Investigator(s):	<u>Jessica Peak, J</u>	ustine Cooper			Section, To	wnship, Ra	nge:					
Landform (hillslope,	terrace, etc.): s	wale, slight depr	<u>ession</u>		Local relief (con	cave, conve	ex, none):	<u>concave</u>		Slop	e (%):	<u>0</u>
Subregion (LRR)	: <u>C</u>		Lat:	<u>34.44380</u>		Long: -	119.7850	<u>4</u>	Datun	n:		
Soil Map Unit Name	: EaB - Elder sa	<u>ndy loam</u>						NWI classifi	cation: Non	<u>e</u>		
Are climatic / hyd	drologic condition	s on the site typ	ical for	this time of year?	Yes 🛛	No	☐ (If n	o, explain in Rem	narks.)			
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology	🗆 s	ignificantly disturb	bed? Are "N	Iormal Circu	umstance	s" present?	Ň	res	\boxtimes	No 🗌
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology	🗆 r	aturally problemat	tic? (If nee	eded, explai	n any ans	swers in Remarks	s.)			

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Dominant Species?	Indicator <u>Status</u>	Dominance Test Worksheet:	
1 2				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0	(A)
3 4.				Total Number of Dominant <u>3</u> Species Across All Strata:	(B)
50% =, 20% = Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)		= Total Cov	er	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u>	(A/B
1. <u>Baccharis pilularis</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>yes</u>	UPL	Prevalence Index worksheet:	
2				Total % Cover of : Multiply by:	
3				OBL species x1 =	
4				FACW species x2 =	
5				FAC species x3 =	
50% =, 20% =	<u>1</u>	= Total Cov	er	FACU species x4 =	
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)				UPL species x5 =	
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>90</u>	yes	UPL	Column Totals: (A)	(B)
2. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>ves</u>	FAC	Prevalence Index = $B/A = 4.5$	
3. <u>Brassica rapa</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
4. <u>Geranium molle</u>	<u>5</u>	no	UPL	Dominance Test is >50%	
5. <u>Bromus hordeaceus</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>FACU</u>	Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$	
6. <u>Medicago polymorpha</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FACU	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting	
7. <u>Stipa miliacea</u>	<u>5</u>	no	UPL	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)	
8. <u>Avena barbata</u>	<u>1</u>	no	UPL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)	
50% =, 20% =	<u>113</u>	= Total Cov	er		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
1				be present, unless disturbed of problematic.	
2				Hydrophytic	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cov	er	Vegetation Yes 🗌 No	\boxtimes
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	% Cover	of Biotic Crus	t <u>0</u>	Present?	

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Project Site: MTD Site																			
SOIL															:	Samplir	ıq Poin	t: SP	' 03
Profile Desc	ription: (Descri	ibe to th	ne depth	neede	ed to d	ocument the	indicato	r or conf	irm the abs	sence o	of indica	ators.)					0		
Depth	Mat	rix				Re	dox Featu	ires											
(inches)	Color (moist	t <u>)</u>	%	Col	or (Mo	ist) g	<u>6</u>	Type ¹	Loc	2	Text	ure	<u>F</u>	Remarks	<u>s</u>				
<u>0-12</u>	<u>10YR 3/2</u>		<u>100</u>							_	<u>sandy</u>	loam	small	patch o	f light	ter sand	l at 8 ir	<u>1</u>	
		_								_				_					
		_								_				_					
		_								_				_					
		_								_				_					
		_								_				_					
¹ Type: C= Co	¹ Type: C= Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.																		
Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :																			
Histoso	ol (A1)					Sandy Red	ox (S5)					1 c	m Muc	k (A9) (I	LRR	C)			
Histic E	Epipedon (A2)					Stripped M					2 c	m Muc	k (A10)	(LRR	в)				
Black H	al (F1)				Re	duced '	Vertic (F	-18)											
□ Hydrog	gen Sulfide (A4)					Loamy Gle	ed Matriz	(F2)				Re	d Parei	nt Mater	rial (T	F2)			
□ Stratifie	ed Layers (A5) (LRR C)				Depleted N	atrix (F3)					Oth	ner (Exp	olain in	Rema	arks)			
□ 1 cm N	luck (A9) (LRR	D)				Redox Dar	Surface	(F6)											
Deplet	ed Below Dark S	Surface ((A11)			Depleted D	ark Surfa	ce (F7)											
Thick [Dark Surface (A1	12)				Redox Dep	ressions	(F8)				3100	licotoro	ofbudr	ronhu	tio vogo	totion	and	
□ Sandy	Mucky Mineral ((S1)				Vernal Poo	s (F9)							of hydr hydrolc		-			
□ Sandy	Gleyed Matrix (S4)												disturb				,	
Restrictive I	_ayer (if presen	t):																	
Type:																			
Depth (Inche	s):								Hydric S	oils Pre	esent?			Yes	s		No	\boxtimes	1
Remarks:	No restrictive la	ayer, no	redox fe	atures,	no hy	dric soil indic	ators.												
HYDROLO																			
-	drology Indicate										_								
	ators (minimum	of one r	equired;	; check								ondary I		-			ed)		
Surfac	e Water (A1)					Salt Crust (-					Water	Marks	(B1) (R	iveri	ne)			
High V	Vater Table (A2)					Biotic Crus	(B12)					Sedim	ent De	posits (I	B2) (I	Riverin	e)		
Satura	ation (A3)					Aquatic Inv	ertebrates	s (B13)				Drift D	eposite	s (B3) (F	Riveri	ine)			
Water	Marks (B1) (No	nriverin	e)			Hydrogen S	Sulfide Oc	or (C1)				Draina	age Pat	terns (B	310)				
Sedim	ent Deposits (B	2) (Nonr	iverine))		Oxidized R	nizospher	es along	Living Root	s (C3)		Dry-S	eason \	Nater T	able	(C2)			
Drift D	eposits (B3) (No	onriverir	ne)			Presence of	f Reduce	d Iron (C4	4)			Crayfi	sh Burr	ows (C8	8)				
Surfac	e Soil Cracks (E	86)				Recent Iror	Reductio	on in Tille	d Soils (C6)			Satura	ation Vi	sible on	Aeria	al Imag	ery (C9)	
🗌 Inunda	ation Visible on A	Aerial Im	agery (E	37)		Thin Muck	Surface (C7)				Shallo	w Aqui	tard (D3	3)				
□ Water	-Stained Leaves	(B9)				Other (Exp	ain in Re	marks)				FAC-N	Veutral	Test (D	5)				
Field Observations:												_							
Surface Wate	urface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):																		
Water Table	Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Depth	(inches):												
Trater Table										1			Dress				_		
Saturation Pr (includes cap	oillary fringe)	Yes	aturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No S ncludes capillary fringe) escribe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:																

Remarks: No hydrology indicators observed. US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site:	MTD SITE (APN	NS 67-230-026, 5	59-140-	<u>004,-005,-006)</u>	City/C	ounty:	<u>Santa Barb</u> Barbara	oara/Santa		Sampling	Date:	March	<u> 27, 2018</u>
Applicant/Owner:	Metropolitan Tra	ansit District						State:	CA	Sampling	Point:	<u>SP04</u>	
Investigator(s):	<u>Jessica Peak, J</u>	ustine Cooper			Section	n, Tow	nship, Rang	e:					
Landform (hillslope,	terrace, etc.): s	wale			Local relief	(conca	ve, convex,	none): <u>co</u>	oncave		Slop	e (%):	<u>0</u>
Subregion (LRR)	: <u>C</u>		Lat:	<u>34.443468</u>			Long: <u>-11</u>	9.78530 <u>6</u>		Datu	ım:		
Soil Map Unit Name	: EaB - Elder sa	ndy loam							NWI classific	cation: <u>No</u>	ne		
Are climatic / hyd	drologic condition	s on the site typi	cal for	his time of year?	Yes	\boxtimes	No 🛛	(If no, e	xplain in Rem	arks.)			
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology	🗆 s	ignificantly disturb	bed? A	re "No	rmal Circum	stances" p	resent?		Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗌
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology	🗆 n	aturally problema	atic? (f need	ed, explain a	any answe	rs in Remarks	s.)			

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Dominant Species?	Indicator <u>Status</u>	Dominance Test Worksheet:	
1 2				Number of Dominant Species 2 That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2	(A)
3 4.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u>	(B)
50% =, 20% = Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)		= Total Cov	er	Percent of Dominant Species 50 That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50	(A/B
1. <u>Baccharis pilularis</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>yes</u>	UPL	Prevalence Index worksheet:	
2				Total % Cover of : Multiply by:	
3				OBL species $\underline{0}$ $x1 = \underline{0}$	
4				FACW species $\underline{0}$ $x2 = \underline{0}$	
5				FAC species $\underline{81}$ $x3 = \underline{243}$	
50% =, 20% =	<u>1</u>	= Total Cov	er	FACU species $\underline{6}$ $x4 = \underline{24}$	
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)				UPL species <u>23</u> x5 = <u>115</u>	
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>yes</u>	UPL	Column Totals: <u>110</u> (A) <u>382</u> (B)	
2. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	<u>20</u>	ves	FAC	Prevalence Index = $B/A = 3.47$	
3. <u>Artemisia douglasiana</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>ves</u>	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
4. <u>Geranium molle</u>	<u>2</u>	no	UPL	Dominance Test is >50%	
5. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>5</u>	no	UPL	Prevalence Index is <3.0 ¹	
6. <u>Brassica rapa</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FACU	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)	
7. <u>Ambrosia psilostachya</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU		
B				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)	
50% =, 20% = <u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>20 ft radius</u>) 1	<u>109</u>	= Total Cov	er	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
2				Hydrophytic	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cov	er	Vegetation Yes 🗌 No	\boxtimes
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	% Cover	of Biotic Crus	t <u>0</u>	Present?	

US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site:	MTD Site
Floject Site.	IVIT D Sile

SOIL											Sampl	ing Point	: <u>SP04</u>
	ription: (Describe to	the depth	needed to do			irm the absence	of indic	ators.)					
Depth	Matrix				Features								
<u>(inches)</u>	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Color (Mois	<u>st) %</u>	<u>Type¹</u>	Loc ²	Text		<u>Rer</u>	<u>marks</u>			
<u>0-2</u>	<u>10YR 3/2</u>	<u>100</u>					<u>sandy</u>						
<u>2-14</u>	<u>10YR 4/3</u>	<u>100</u>					<u>sandy</u>	loam	<u>high san</u>	id contei	<u>nt</u>		
									<u> </u>				
									<u> </u>				
17 0 0													
71	oncentration, D=Depl	,		,		d Grains. ² Locati			ning, M=M		Liveria	Callas	
	Indicators: (Applica	DIE TO AII LI			•				s for Prob			5011S*:	
				Sandy Redox (,				cm Muck (/		-		
	Epipedon (A2)			Stripped Matrix	. ,				cm Muck (/	<i>,</i> .			
	Histic (A3) gen Sulfide (A4)			Loamy Mucky I					educed Ve ed Parent I		·		
_	ed Layers (A5) (LRR	C)		Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matrix					ther (Expla		. ,		
	luck (A9) (LRR D)	C)		Redox Dark Su	. ,			0	inei (Expia		liaiks)		
_	ed Below Dark Surface	co (A11)	_	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)									
	Dark Surface (A12)			Redox Depress									
	Mucky Mineral (S1)			Vernal Pools (F			³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation wetland hydrology must be presen						
_ `	Gleyed Matrix (S4)				5)				wetland hy unless di			•	
_ ,	Layer (if present):								uniess u	isturbeu		ematic.	
Type:	Layer (il present).												
Depth (Inche	s).					Hydric Soils Pr	esent?			Yes		No	\boxtimes
Remarks:	No restrictive layer,	no redox fe	atures, no hvd	ric soil indicator	5.	.,							
. tomanioi			ataroo, no nya										
HYDROLO	GY												
Wetland Hye	drology Indicators:												
Primary Indic	cators (minimum of or	ne required;	check all that	apply)			Sec	ondary	Indicators	(2 or mo	ore requ	ired)	
Surfac	e Water (A1)			Salt Crust (B11)			Wate	r Marks (B	1) (Rive	rine)		
🔲 High V	Vater Table (A2)			Biotic Crust (B	12)			Sedir	nent Depo	sits (B2)	(Riveri	ne)	
Satura	ation (A3)			Aquatic Inverte	brates (B13)			Drift I	Deposits (E	33) (Riv e	erine)		
Water	Marks (B1) (Nonrive	erine)		Hydrogen Sulfi	de Odor (C1)			Drain	age Patter	ns (B10)		
	ent Deposits (B2) (N	spheres along	Living Roots (C3)		Dry-S	Season Wa	ter Tabl	e (C2)					
Drift D	eposits (B3) (Nonriv	educed Iron (C4	4)		Cray	ish Burrow	/s (C8)						

Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)

Thin Muck Surface (C7)

Depth (inches):

Depth (inches):

Depth (inches):

Other (Explain in Remarks)

US Army Corps of Engineers

Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)

Surface Soil Cracks (B6)

Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

 \boxtimes

 \boxtimes

 \boxtimes

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

No

No

No

Remarks: No drainage patterns evident. No hydrology indicators present.

Yes

Yes

Yes

Field Observations: Surface Water Present?

Water Table Present?

(includes capillary fringe)

Saturation Present?

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Yes

 \boxtimes

No

Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)

Shallow Aquitard (D3)

FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Wetland Hydrology Present?

Project Site:	MTD SITE	<u>(APN</u>	S 67-230-026,	59-140-0	004,-00	<u>5006</u>)	City/County:	<u>Santa E</u> Barbara	B <u>arbara/Santa</u> a	Sampling) Date:	March	<u>1 27, 2</u>	<u>2018</u>
Applicant/Owner:	Metropolit	etropolitan Transit District								State: CA	Sampling) Point:	<u>SP05</u>		
Investigator(s):	Jessica P	eak, Ju	stine Cooper					Section, Tow	nship, Ra	ange:					
Landform (hillslope,	terrace, etc	c.): <u>sm</u>	nall depression				Loc	al relief (conca	ave, conv	ex, none): <u>concave</u>		Slop	be (%):	<u>1</u>	
Subregion (LRR)	: <u>C</u>			Lat:	<u>34.443</u>	3265			Long:	- <u>119.785302</u>	Dat	tum:			
Soil Map Unit Name	: <u>EaB - El</u>	der sar	ndy loam							NWI cla	ssification: <u>N</u>	one			
Are climatic / hyd	Irologic cor	nditions	on the site typ	ical for t	his time	e of yea	ar?	Yes 🛛	No	□ (If no, explain in	Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation D,	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	🗆 si	ignificar	ntly dis	turbed?	Are "No	ormal Circ	cumstances" present?		Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Are Vegetation D,	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	🗆 n	aturally	proble	matic?	(If need	led, expla	in any answers in Ren	narks.)				
SUMMARY OF FIN	DINGS –	Attac	h site map s	howing	g sam	pling	point l	ocations, tr	ansects	s, important feature	es, etc.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation	n Present?			Yes		No	\boxtimes								

Hydric Soil Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes		No 🛛			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes							
Remarks: small depression bermed on south end; ponded water observed on 3/23/2018 at SP05 following storm event.											

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominan	nce Test Worksheet:			
1 2		_			of Dominant Species OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>2</u>		(A)
3 4					nber of Dominant Across All Strata:	<u>2</u>		(B)
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cove	r		of Dominant Species	<u>50</u>		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)					OBL, FACW, or FAC:			()
1				Prevalen	ce Index worksheet:			
2	<u> </u>				Total % Cover of :	Multiply	<u>/ by:</u>	
3				OBL spec	cies <u>0</u>	x1 =	<u>0</u>	
4				FACW sp	becies <u>4</u>	x2 =	<u>8</u>	
5				FAC spec	cies <u>65</u>	x3 =	<u>195</u>	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cove	r	FACU sp	ecies <u>2</u>	x4 =	<u>8</u>	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				UPL spec	cies <u>40</u>	x5 =	<u>200</u>	
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>20</u>	ves	<u>UPL</u>	Column T	Γotals: <u>111</u> (A)		<u>411</u> (B)	
2. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>ves</u>	FAC		Prevalence Index = B//	A = <u>3.7</u>		
3. <u>Rumex crispus</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydroph	ytic Vegetation Indicators:			
4. <u>Bromus hordeaceus</u>	<u>20</u>	yes	<u>UPL</u>		Dominance Test is >50%			
5. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FACU		Prevalence Index is <3.01			
6. <u>Brassica rapa</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU		Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Pro	ovide supp	orting	
7. <u>Cyperus eragrostis</u>	<u>2</u>	no	FACW		data in Remarks or on a separa	te sheet)		
8. <u>Artemisia douglasiana</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>no</u>	FACW		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegeta	ation ¹ (Exp	lain)	
50% =, 20% =	<u>111</u>	= Total Cove	r					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)					rs of hydric soil and wetland hydrol nt, unless disturbed or problematic			
1				be preser		•		
2				Hydroph	vtic			
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cove	r	Vegetatio	on Yes		No	\boxtimes
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 5	% Cover	of Biotic Crust	<u>0</u>	Present?				
Remarks: Vegetation dominated by curly do	ck, English p	lantain, and up	land annual	grasses.				

US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site:	MTD Site																
SOIL													Sa	amplin	a Poin	t: SF	205
Profile Desc	ription: (Descri	be to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument the indicator or conf	irm the abs	ence of	indica	tors.)					0		
Depth	Matr	ix				Redox Features											
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Col	lor (Moi	<u>st) % Type1</u>	Loc ²		Textu	ire	Re	marks					
<u>0-16</u>	<u>10YR 3/3</u>		100						sandy l	oam	modera	ite sand o	cont	ent			
		_						_									
		_						_		_							
		_						_		_							
		_						_		_							
		_						_		_							
¹ Type: C= Co	ncentration, D=I	Depletio	n, RM=I	Reduce	ed Matr	ix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand	d Grains. 2	Location	n: PL=P	ore Lini	ng, M=N	/latrix.					
Hydric Soil I	ndicators: (App	licable	to all L	RRs, u	nless	otherwise noted.)			Ind	icators	for Pro	blematic	Hy	dric S	oils³:		
Histoso	ol (A1)					Sandy Redox (S5)				1 cr	n Muck	(A9) (LR	R C))			
Histic E	pipedon (A2)					Stripped Matrix (S6)				2 cr	n Muck	(A10) (LF	RR E	B)			
Black H	listic (A3)					Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)				Rec	duced Ve	ertic (F18	;)	-			
	en Sulfide (A4)					Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)						Material	-	2)			
☐ Stratifie	ed Layers (A5) (I	LRR C)				Depleted Matrix (F3)				Oth	er (Expl	ain in Re	mar	ks)			
□ 1 cm M	luck (A9) (LRR I)				Redox Dark Surface (F6)								,			
_	ed Below Dark S	, urface (A11)			Depleted Dark Surface (F7)											
			,			Redox Depressions (F8)				2.							
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Vernal Pools (F9) wetland hydrology must be present,																	
_ ·	Gleyed Matrix (S	,			_					vv		disturbed				,	
	ayer (if present																
Type:		,															
Depth (Inches	s):						Hydric So	oils Pres	sent?			Yes	Г		No		3
Remarks:		iver. no	redox fe	atures	. no hvo	dric soil indicators.							_				
		, - , -			, . ,												
HYDROLO	GY																
Wetland Hyd	Irology Indicato	ors:															
Primary Indic	ators (minimum	of one r	equired;	check	all that	t apply)			Seco	ndary lı	ndicators	s (2 or m	ore i	require	ed)		
Surfac	e Water (A1)					Salt Crust (B11)				Water	Marks (I	31) (Rive	erine))			
🔲 🛛 High W	/ater Table (A2)					Biotic Crust (B12)				Sedim	ent Dep	osits (B2)	(Ri	verine	e)		
Satura	tion (A3)					Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)				Drift D	eposits (B3) (Riv	erin	e)			
Water	Marks (B1) (Nor	nriverin	e)			Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)			\boxtimes	Draina	ge Patte	erns (B10)				
Sedimo	ent Deposits (B2	2) (Nonr	iverine)			Oxidized Rhizospheres along	Living Roots	s (C3)		Dry-Se	ason W	ater Tabl	e (C	2)			
Drift D	eposits (B3) (No	nriverir	ne)			Presence of Reduced Iron (C4	ł)			Crayfis	h Burro	ws (C8)					
Surfac	e Soil Cracks (B	6)				Recent Iron Reduction in Tille	d Soils (C6)			Satura	tion Visi	ble on Ae	erial	Image	ery (C9)	
🗌 Inunda	tion Visible on A	erial Im	agery (E	37)		Thin Muck Surface (C7)				Shallo	w Aquita	rd (D3)					
□ Water-	Stained Leaves	(B9)				Other (Explain in Remarks)				FAC-N	eutral T	est (D5)					
Field Observ	vations:																
Surface Wate	er Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Depth (inches):											
Water Table I	Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Depth (inches):											
Saturation Pr		Yes		No	\boxtimes	Depth (inches):		Wetlar	nd Hyd	rology	Present	?		Yes		No	
	······································					erial photos, previous inspection											

 Remarks:
 Ponded water observed at SP05 on 3/23/18 following storm event; small depression holds water temporarily after rain events.

 US Army Corps of Engineers
 Arid West – Version 2.0

Project Site:	MTD SITE (APN	IS 67-230-026, 8	<u>59-140</u>	<u>-004,-005,-006)</u>	City/Coun	ty: <u>Sant</u> Barb		ara/Santa	Sampli	ng Date:	Marcl	<u>n 27, 2018</u>
Applicant/Owner:	Metropolitan Tra	ansit District						State: CA	Sampli	ng Point:	<u>SP06</u>	
Investigator(s):	<u>Jessica Peak, J</u>	ustine Cooper			Section, T	ownship,	Range	: <u></u>				
Landform (hillslope,	terrace, etc.): sv	<u>wale</u>			Local relief (co	ncave, co	onvex, r	none): <u>concave</u>		Slop	be (%):	<u>1-2</u>
Subregion (LRR)	: <u>C</u>		Lat	: <u>34.443321</u>		Long): <u>-119</u>	.784907	D	atum:		
Soil Map Unit Name	: EaB - Elder sa	nd <u>y loam</u>						NWI classi	ification:	<u>None</u>		
Are climatic / hyd	drologic condition	s on the site typ	ical for	this time of year?	Yes 🛛	l N	o 🗆	(If no, explain in Re	emarks.)			
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology		significantly disturb	bed? Are	'Normal (Circums	stances" present?		Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗌
Are Vegetation D,	Soil □,	or Hydrology		naturally problema	tic? (If ne	eeded, ex	oplain a	ny answers in Remar	ks.)			

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No	\boxtimes			
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test Worksheet:	
1				Number of Dominant Species 1 (A)	
2				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)	
3				Total Number of Dominant	
4				Species Across All Strata:	
50% =, 20% =	. <u> </u>	= Total Cove	r	Percent of Dominant Species	3)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	-)
1				Prevalence Index worksheet:	
2				Total % Cover of : Multiply by:	
3				OBL species x1 =	
4	. <u> </u>			FACW species x2 =	
5				FAC species x3 =	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cove	r	FACU species x4 =	
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)				UPL species x5 =	
1. <u>Bromus hordeaceus</u>	<u>30</u>	yes	UPL	Column Totals: (A) (B)	
2. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>ves</u>	FAC	Prevalence Index = $B/A = 4.5$	
3. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>ves</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
4. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU	Dominance Test is >50%	
5. <u>Artemisia douglasiana</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FAC	Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$	
6. <u>Brassica nigra</u>	<u>2</u>	no	<u>UPL</u>	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting	
7				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)	
8				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)	
50% =, 20% =	125	= Total Cove	r		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
1					
2				Hydrophytic	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cove	r	Vegetation Yes 🗌 No 🛛	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	% Cover	of Biotic Crust	<u>0</u>	Present?	
Remarks: Vegetation dominated by English	platain and	upland annual	grasses.		

US Army Corps of Engineers

SOIL																		S	amplin	ıg Poin	t: <u>SP06</u>	<u>;</u>
Profile Desc	ription: (Descrit	be to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument	the inc	dicator	or conf	irm the a	abse	ence o	of indic	ators.))							
Depth	Matri	ix					Redox	Feature	es													
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u>)</u>	<u>%</u>	Co	lor (Moi	ist)	<u>%</u>		Type ¹	<u>Lc</u>	<u>.0C²</u>		Text	ure		Ren	<u>narks</u>					
<u>0-7</u>	<u>10YR 3/3</u>	-	<u>100</u>					-					<u>sandy</u>	<u>loam</u>	mo	derate	e sand	cont	tent			
<u>7-13</u>	<u>10YR 3/4</u>	-	100					-					<u>sandy</u>	loam	hig	her sa	and cor	ntent	t than u	upper 7	<u>7 in</u>	
		_						-						_								
		_						-														
		_						-				-										
								-				-										
	ncentration, D=E	· ·							ed Sand	d Grains.	² L	ocatio	on: PL=		0.							
_	ndicators: (App	licable	to all LF	RRs, u	_												lematio	-		oils ³ :		
Histoso						Sandy F										-	49) (LR		-			
_	pipedon (A2)					Stripped											10) (L		В)			
	listic (A3)														tic (F18							
	en Sulfide (A4)					Loamy			(F2)								lateria	-				
	ed Layers (A5) (L	-				Deplete								C	other (I	Explai	n in Re	mar	rks)			
	luck (A9) (LRR D					Redox [-														
	ed Below Dark S	urface (A11)			Deplete	d Dark	Surface	e (F7)													
Thick D	Oark Surface (A12	2)				Redox [Depress	sions (F	8)					³ ı	ndicate	ors of	hydrop	ohyti	c vege	tation	and	
Sandy	Mucky Mineral (S	S1)				Vernal F	Pools (F	-9)							wetla	nd hy	drology	/ mu	ist be p	oresent	t,	
□ Sandy	Gleyed Matrix (S	54)								I					unle	ess di	sturbed	l or l	proble	matic.		
Restrictive L	ayer (if present.	:):																				
Туре:																						
Depth (Inches	s):									Hydric	: Soi	ils Pre	esent?				Yes	[No	\boxtimes	
Remarks:	No restrictive la	yer, no i	redox fe	atures	, no hyo	dric soil in	dicator	s.														
HYDROLO	GY																					
Wetland Hyd	Irology Indicato	ors:																				
Primary Indic	ators (minimum o	of one r	equired;	check	all that	t apply)							Sec	ondary	/ Indic	ators	(2 or m	ore	require	ed)		
Surfac	e Water (A1)					Salt Cru	ust (B11)						Wate	er Mar	ks (B	1) (Riv	erine	e)			
🔲 🛛 High W	/ater Table (A2)					Biotic C	rust (B	12)						Sedi	ment l	Depos	sits (B2	:) (R	iverine	e)		
Satura	tion (A3)					Aquatic	Inverte	brates	(B13)					Drift	Depos	sits (B	3) (Ri v	/erir	ne)			
□ Water	Marks (B1) (Non	nriverin	e)			Hydroge	en Sulfi	de Odo	r (C1)					Draiı	nage F	Patter	ns (B10))				
Sedimo	ent Deposits (B2) (Nonri	iverine)			Oxidize	d Rhizo	sphere	s along	Living Ro	oots	(C3)		Dry-	Seaso	n Wa	ter Tab	ole (C	C2)			
Drift D	eposits (B3) (No	nriverin	ıe)		Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Crayfish Burrows (C8)																	
Surfac	e Soil Cracks (Be	6)				Recent	Iron Re	duction	in Tilleo	d Soils (C	C6)			Satu	ration	Visibl	e on A	erial	Image	ery (C9))	
🗌 Inunda	tion Visible on A	erial Im	agery (E	87)		Thin Mu	uck Surf	face (C	7)					Shal	low Ad	quitar	d (D3)					
□ Water-	Stained Leaves	(B9)				Other (E	Explain	in Rem	arks)					FAC	-Neutr	ral Te	st (D5)					
Field Observ	ations:																					
Surface Wate	er Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	pth (incl	hes):														
Water Table I	Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	pth (incl	hes):														
Saturation Pr		Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	pth (incl	hes):				Wetla	and Hy	drolog	ıy Pre	sent?			Yes		No [X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: No hydrology indicators observed. US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site: MTD Site

Project Site: MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-026, 5	<u>59-140-004</u>	00500	<u>)6)</u>	City/Count	ty: <u>Santa Ba</u> Barbara	arbara/Santa	Sampl	ing Date:	March	n 27,	2018
Applicant/Owner: Metropolitan Transit District					Daibara	State: CA	<u>A</u> Sampli	ng Point:	<u>SP07</u>		
Investigator(s): Jessica Peak, Justine Cooper				Section, To	ownship, Ra	nge:					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale			Loc	cal relief (cor	ncave, conve	ex, none): <u>con</u>	icave	Slo	oe (%):	<u>1-2</u>	
Subregion (LRR): <u>C</u>	Lat: <u>34</u>	1.444066			Long: -	119.785532	C	Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: EaB - Elder sandy loam						١	NWI classification:	<u>None</u>			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typi	cal for this	time of y	ear?	Yes 🛛	No] (If no, exp	olain in Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation □, Soil □, or Hydrology	🗌 signi	ificantly d	isturbed	? Are "	Normal Circu	umstances" pre	esent?	Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrology	natu	rally prob	lematic?	lf ne	eded, explai	n any answers	in Remarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sl	nowing s	ampling	g point	locations,	, transects	, important f	features, etc.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	🗆 No	\boxtimes								
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	🗆 No	\boxtimes	Is the Sam	npled Area v	vithin a Wetlaı	nd?	Yes		No	\boxtimes
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	🛛 No									
Remarks: One parameter ("County") wetland; delinea	ted by drift	deposits									
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant	s.										
Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute	Domi		Indicator	Dominand	e Test Works	heet:				
1. <u>Salix lasiolepis</u>	<u>% Cover</u> <u>1</u>	<u>Spec</u> <u>ves</u>	ies?	<u>Status</u> FACW	Number	Deminent Ore	!				
2.	±	<u>ycs</u>		<u>17.011</u>	That Are C	Dominant Spe BL, FACW, or	FAC:	<u>1</u>			(A)
3.						ber of Dominar					
4.						cross All Strata		<u>3</u>			(B)
50% = , 20% =	1	= Tot	al Cover		Percent of	Dominant Spe	ncies				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	—					BL, FACW, or		<u>33</u>			(A/B)
1					Prevalenc	e Index works	sheet:				
2						Total % Cove	er of :	Multiply	<u>v by:</u>		
3					OBL speci	es		x1 =		_	
4					FACW spe	cies		x2 =		_	
5					FAC speci	es		x3 =		_	
50% =, 20% =		= Tot	al Cover		FACU spe	cies		x4 =		_	
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)					UPL speci	es		x5 =		_	
1. Bromus hordeaceus	<u>20</u>	yes		UPL	Column To	tals.	(A)			(B))
2. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	80	ves		UPL	Column re		alence Index = B/A	= 4.5		,	
3. <u>Brassica nigra</u>	5	no		UPL	Hydrophy	tic Vegetation					
4. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	2	no		FAC		Dominance T					
5. <u>Brassica rapa</u>	2	no		FACU		Prevalence In					
6. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>-</u>	no		FACU			—				
7. Foeniculum vulgare	1	no		UPL			I Adaptations ¹ (Provinse of the content of the co		oning		
8. <u>Ambrosia psilostachya</u>	<u> </u>	no		FACU		Desklassetis I			1-:>		
50% =, 20% =	<u>-</u> <u>112</u>		al Cover			Problematic F	Hydrophytic Vegetat	ion. (Exb	iain)		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	112	= 100			¹ Indicators	of hydric soil a	and wetland hydrold	ogy must			
1.					be present	, unless disturb	bed or problematic.				
2.				—							
50% = 20% =		- Tot	al Cover		Hydrophy Vegetation		Yes		No		\boxtimes
	% Cov	= 101 er of Bioti		<u>0</u>	Present?						_
			o orust	<u>v</u>							
Remarks: Vegetation dominated by upland	annual gra	ISSES.									

US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site:	MTD Site															
SOIL														Sampli	ng Point	t: <u>SP07</u>
Profile Descr	iption: (Descri	be to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument the indic	cator or confi	rm the abs	ence o	f indica	tors.)					
Depth	Matr	ix				Redox F	eatures									
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Co	lor (Mo	<u>ist) %</u>	Type ¹	Loc ²		Textu	ire	Re	emarks			
<u>0-8</u>	<u>10YR 3/4</u>	-	<u>100</u>						_	<u>sandy l</u>	oam	<u>minima</u>	I sand co	ntent		
		_							_		_					
		_							_		_					
		_							_							
		_							_							
		-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				_		_					
¹ Type: C= Co	ncentration, D=I	Depletio	n, RM=F	Reduce	ed Matr	ix, CS=Covered or	Coated Sand	Grains. ²	Locatio	n: PL=P	ore Lir	ning, M=N	/latrix.			
Hydric Soil Ir	ndicators: (App	licable	to all Li	RRs, u	nless	otherwise noted.)				Ind	icators	s for Pro	blematic	Hydric	Soils ³ :	
Histoso	l (A1)					Sandy Redox (S	5)				1 c	m Muck	(A9) (LR	₹C)		
Histic E	pipedon (A2)					Stripped Matrix (S6)				2 c	m Muck	(A10) (LF	RR B)		
Black H	listic (A3)					Loamy Mucky Mi							ertic (F18			
Hydroge	en Sulfide (A4)					Loamy Gleyed M	latrix (F2)				Re	d Parent	Material	(TF2)		
	d Layers (A5) (I	,				Depleted Matrix	(F3)				Ot	ner (Expl	ain in Rer	marks)		
□ 1 cm M	uck (A9) (LRR E	D)				Redox Dark Surf	ace (F6)									
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)																
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and														and		
Sandy I	Mucky Mineral (S1)				Vernal Pools (F9)				١	wetland h	ydrology	must be	present	,
Sandy (Gleyed Matrix (S	64)										unless	disturbed	or proble	matic.	
Restrictive L	ayer (if present	t):														
Type:	<u>Rock</u>															
Depth (Inches	s): <u>8 in</u>							Hydric So	oils Pre	sent?			Yes		No	\boxtimes
Remarks:	Restrictive laye	r at 8 ind	ches, no	redox	feature	es, no hydric soil in	dicators.									
HYDROLOG	2V															
	rology Indicato	ors:														
-	ators (minimum		eauired.	check	all that	t apply)				Seco	ndarv	Indicator	s (2 or mo	ore requi	red)	
	e Water (A1)		oquirou,	onoon		Salt Crust (B11)							B1) (Rive	-	00)	
	ater Table (A2)					Biotic Crust (B12	2)						osits (B2)	-	e)	
	tion (A3)					Aquatic Inverteb						-	(B3) (Rive	-	,	
	Marks (B1) (No r	nriverin	e)			Hydrogen Sulfide	. ,					-	erns (B10)	-		
	ent Deposits (B2		-			Oxidized Rhizos		iving Roots	s (C3)			-	ater Tabl			
	eposits (B3) (No	, .				Presence of Red	-	-	(00)		-	sh Burro		0 (02)		
	e Soil Cracks (B		,			Recent Iron Red		,					ble on Ae	rial Imac	erv (C9))
	tion Visible on A	-	agery (F	37)		Thin Muck Surfac						w Aquita		inar imag	019 (00)	/
	Stained Leaves		ugoi) (2	,		Other (Explain in	. ,					Neutral T	. ,			
Field Observ		()														
Surface Wate		Yes		No	\boxtimes	Depth (inche	es):									
Water Table F		Yes		No		Depth (inche										
			_						M-41		-	Deser	5	V	2	
Saturation Pre	esent?	Yes		No		Depth (inche			Wetla	nd Hyd	rology	Presen	t?	Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗆

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks: Drift deposits (oak leaves) evident from flow from the culvert in the NW corner of the property. US Army Corps of Engineers

Yes

(includes capillary fringe)

Project Site: MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-026, 5	59-140-004,	<u>-005,-006)</u>	City/Count	y: <u>Santa Barbara/Santa</u> Barbara	Sampling Date:	March	<u>27, 2018</u>
Applicant/Owner: Metropolitan Transit District				State: CA	Sampling Point:	<u>SP08</u>	
Investigator(s): Jessica Peak, Justine Cooper			Section, T	ownship, Range:			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale		Loc	cal relief (cor	ncave, convex, none): <u>concave</u>	Slop	oe (%):	<u>5</u>
Subregion (LRR): <u>C</u>	Lat: <u>34.</u>	44343		Long: <u>-119.782508</u>	Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: MeD2 Milpitas-Positas Fine Sa	ndy Loam			NWI classifi	ication: <u>None</u>		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typi	cal for this t	ime of year?	Yes 🛛	No 🔲 (If no, explain in Ren	narks.)		
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrology	signifi	icantly disturbed	? Are "	Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes	\boxtimes	No 🗌
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrology	natura	ally problematic?	lf ne	eded, explain any answers in Remark	.s.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sl	nowing sa	mpling point	locations	transects important features	etc		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	-		io outiono,	anoodo, important roataroo,			
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No 🛛	Is the Sam	pled Area within a Wetland?	Yes		No 🖂
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes [No 🛛					
Remarks: Swale on SE part of property that receive			o Road				
			o noud.				
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants	S. Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Toot Workshoot			
Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test Worksheet:			
1				Number of Dominant Species	<u>0</u>		(A)
2				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:			
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	<u>3</u>		(B)
4				•			
50% = , $20% =$		= Total Cover		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>0</u>		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	F						
1. <u>Baccharis pilularis</u> 2.	<u>5</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of :	Multiply	<i>.</i> b <i>. r</i>	
3.				OBL species	<u>Multiply</u> x1 =	<u>/ by.</u>	
4.				FACW species	x1 = x2 =		
				FAC species	x2 =		
50% =, 20% =	5	= Total Cover		FACU species	x4 =		
	<u>5</u>			UPL species	x4 = x5 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft radius</u>)	70				x5 =		
1. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>yes</u>	UPL 540U	Column Totals: (A)			(B)
2. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>ves</u>	FACU	Prevalence Inde			
3. <u>Medicago polymorpha</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators			
4. <u>Geranium molle</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>no</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Dominance Test is >50%			
5. <u>Brassica nigra</u>	2	<u>no</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index is <3.0) ¹		
6. <u>Oxalis pes-caprae</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>no</u>	FACU	Morphological Adaptation data in Remarks or on a		orting	
7. <u>Stipa miliaceum</u>	<u>1</u>	no	<u>UPL</u>		separate sheet)		
8				Problematic Hydrophytic	Vegetation ¹ (Exp	lain)	
50% =, 20% =	<u>114</u>	= Total Cover		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland	d hydrology must		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 20 ft radius)				be present, unless disturbed or prob			
1							
2				Hydrophytic		Ma	
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cover		Vegetation Present?	Yes 🗌	No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0	% Cove	r of Biotic Crust	<u>0</u>				
Remarks: Vegetation dominated by upland	annual gras	ses. Scattered F	Rumex crispu	is in swale.			

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Project Site:	MTD Site																				
SOIL																		Sampli	ng Poir	t: <u>SP</u>	<u>'08</u>
Profile Des	cription: (Descri	ibe to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument	the indi	cator o	r confi	rm the a	absend	ce of	indica	tors.)							
Depth	Mat	rix					Redox F	eatures	6												
(inches)	Color (moist	<u>t)</u>	%	Col	lor (Moi	ist)	<u>%</u>	T	<u>vpe¹</u>	Ŀ			Textu	ure		Remarl	ks				
<u>0-14</u>	<u>10YR 3/4</u>		<u>100</u>					_				5	sandy	loam	minin	nal san	d con	tent			
		_						_						_		_					
		_						_						_		_					
		_														_					
		_						_								_					
		_						_						_		_					
¹ Type: C= C	Concentration, D=	Depletic	on, RM=F	Reduce	ed Matr	ix, CS=Cc	overed or	r Coate	d Sand	Grains.	² Loc	cation	: PL=F	ore Lin	ning, M	=Matrix	۲.				
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (App	olicable	to all Li	RRs, u	nless	otherwise	noted.))					Inc	licators	s for P	roblem	natic I	Hydric S	Soils ³ :		
Histos	sol (A1)					Sandy R	edox (S	5)						1 c	m Muc	k (A9)	(LRR	C)			
Histic	Epipedon (A2)					Stripped	Matrix ((S6)						2 c	m Muc	k (A10) (LR	R B)			
Black	Histic (A3)					Loamy N	/lucky M	lineral (I	=1)					Re	duced	Vertic	(F18)				
☐ Hydro	gen Sulfide (A4)					Loamy C	Gleyed N	/latrix (F	2)					Re	d Pare	nt Mate	erial (TF2)			
☐ Stratif	ied Layers (A5) (LRR C)				Depleted	d Matrix	(F3)						Oth	her (Ex	plain ir	Rem	narks)			
🗌 1 cm l	Muck (A9) (LRR	D)				Redox D	ark Surf	face (F6	6)												
Deple	ted Below Dark S	Surface ((A11)			Depleted	d Dark S	Surface	(F7)												
Thick	Dark Surface (A1	12)				Redox D	epressio	ons (F8)					310	diaatar	o of by	Ironh	ytic vege	totion	and	
Sandy	/ Mucky Mineral ((S1)				Vernal F	ools (F9	9)										nust be			
Sandy	/ Gleyed Matrix (S4)												-		-		or proble		.,	
Restrictive	Layer (if presen	t):																			
Туре:																					
Depth (Inch	es):									Hydric	Soils	Pres	ent?			Y	es		No	\boxtimes	j i
Remarks:	No restrictive la	ayer, no	redox fe	atures	, no hy	dric soil in	dicators.														
HYDROLO																					
-	drology Indicate																				
Primary Indi	cators (minimum	of one r	equired;	check		t apply)								ondary	Indicat	ors (2 c	or moi	re requir	ed)		
Surfa	ce Water (A1)					Salt Cru								Water	Marks	s (B1) (I	River	ine)			
□ High	Water Table (A2))				Biotic Cr	ust (B12	2)						Sedim	nent De	eposits	(B2) ((Riverin	e)		
Satur	ation (A3)					Aquatic	Inverteb	rates (E	813)					Drift D	Peposit	s (B3) ((Rive	rine)			
Wate	r Marks (B1) (No	nriverin	e)			Hydroge	en Sulfide	e Odor	(C1)					Draina	age Pa	tterns (B10)				
Sedir	nent Deposits (B	2) (Non r	iverine)			Oxidized	Rhizos	pheres	along l	_iving Ro	oots (C	3)		Dry-S	eason	Water	Table	(C2)			
Drift [Deposits (B3) (No	onriverii	ne)			Presenc	e of Red	duced Ir	on (C4)				Crayfi	sh Bur	rows (C	28)				
Surfa	ce Soil Cracks (E	86)				Recent I	ron Red	luction i	n Tillec	I Soils (C	C6)			Satura	ation V	isible o	n Aer	ial Imag	ery (CS))	
Inund	lation Visible on A	Aerial Im	agery (E	37)		Thin Mu	ck Surfa	ice (C7)						Shallo	w Aqu	itard (C	03)				
□ Wate	r-Stained Leaves	(B9)				Other (E	xplain in	n Remai	rks)					FAC-N	Veutral	Test (I	D5)				
Field Obser	rvations:																				
Surface Wa	ter Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	th (inche	es): _													
Water Table	Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dep	oth (inche	es): _													
	pillary fringe)	Yes		No			oth (inche						nd Hyd	Irology	Prese	ent?		Yes		No	\boxtimes
Describe Re	ecorded Data (str	eam gau	uge, mor	nitoring	well, a	erial photo	os, previ	ous insp	pection	s), if ava	ailable:										

Remarks: No drainage patterns, no hydrology indicators present. US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site: MTD SITE (APNS 67-230-02	<u>6, 59-140-004005006)</u>	City/County: Santa Barbara/Santa Barbara	Sampling Date: April 18, 2018
Applicant/Owner: Metropolitan Transit District		State: <u>CA</u>	Sampling Point: SP09
Investigator(s): Jessica Peak, Justine Coope	1	Section, Township, Range:	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale	Loca	al relief (concave, convex, none): <u>concave</u>	Slope (%): <u>0</u>
Subregion (LRR): <u>C</u>	Lat: <u>34.44348377</u>	Long: <u>-119.78512896</u>	Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: EaB - Elder sandy loam		NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site	ypical for this time of year?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌 (If no, explain in	Remarks.)
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrolog	y 🔲 significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗖
Are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box , or Hydrolog	y D naturally problematic?	(If needed, explain any answers in Rem	narks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes							
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes		No	\boxtimes	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂				
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	\boxtimes	No								
Remarks: One parameter ("County") wetland: delineated by drift denosits											

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)	Absolute <u>% Cover</u>	Dominant Species?	Indicator <u>Status</u>	Dominar	nce Test Worksheet:					
1 2		_			of Dominant Species OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>1</u>	(A)			
3 4.					nber of Dominant Across All Strata:	<u>4</u>	(B)			
 50% =, 20% = Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)		= Total Cov	er		of Dominant Species OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>25</u>	(A/E			
<u></u>				Prevaler	ce Index worksheet:					
2.					Total % Cover of :	Multiply by:				
3				OBL spe		x1 =				
4				FACW species x2 =						
5				FAC spe						
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cov	er	FACU species x4 =						
Herb Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)				UPL spec	cies	x5 =				
1. <u>Plantago lanceolata</u>	<u>60</u>	yes	FAC	Column 1	Fotals: (A)		(B)			
2. <u>Hordeum murinum</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>ves</u>	FACU	Prevalence Index = $B/A = 4.5$						
3. <u>Bromus hordeaceus</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>ves</u>	FACU	Hydroph	ytic Vegetation Indicators:					
4. <u>Bromus diandrus</u>	<u>20</u>	yes	UPL		Dominance Test is >50%					
5. <u>Artemisia douglasiana</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>no</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Prevalence Index is <3.01					
6. <u>Brassica nigra</u>	<u>5</u>	no	UPL		(Provide supportir	q				
7. <u>Ambrosia psilosatchya</u>	<u>5</u>	no	FACU		data in Remarks or on a ser	oarate sheet)	0			
3. <u>Rumex crispus</u>	<u>1</u>	no	FAC		Problematic Hydrophytic Ve	getation ¹ (Explain)				
50% =, 20% =	<u>151</u>	= Total Cov	er							
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:20 ft radius)					¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.					
1				ne hiese		iauo.				
2				Hydroph	vtic					
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cov	er	Vegetati	on Ye	es 🗌	No 🛛			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0 % Cover of Biotic Crust 0					?					

US Army Corps of Engineers

Project Site:	MTD Site																				
SOIL																		Samplir	ng Poin	t: <u>SP</u>	09
Profile Desc	ription: (Descri	be to th	e depth	neede	ed to d	ocument	the ind	dicator	or conf	irm the	absen	ce of	indica	tors.)							
Depth	Matr	ix					Redox	Featur	es												
(inches)	Color (moist	<u>)</u>	%	Col	Color (Moist)		<u>%</u>		Type ¹	Loc ²			Texture]	Remarl	ks				
<u>0-14</u>	<u>10YR 3/3</u>		<u>100</u>										sandy l	oam	mode	erate sa	and co	ontent			
		_								_				_		_					
		_												_		_					
		_								_				_		_					
		_								_				_		_					
		_														_					
¹ Type: C= Co	ncentration, D=	Depletio	on, RM=l	Reduce	ed Matr	ix, CS=Co	overed o	or Coat	ed Sand	d Grains.	² Loc	catior	n: PL=F	ore Lin	ing, M	=Matrix	۲.				
Hydric Soil I	ndicators: (App	olicable	to all L	RRs, u	nless	otherwise	noted	l .)					Ind	icators	for P	roblem	natic H	lydric S	Soils ³ :		
Histoso	ol (A1)					Sandy F	edox (S5)						1 c	m Muc	k (A9)	(LRR	C)			
Histic E	pipedon (A2)					Stripped	Matrix	(S6)						2 c	m Muc	k (A10) (LRF	R B)			
Black H	listic (A3)					Loamy M	Aucky N	Mineral	(F1)					Re	duced	Vertic	(F18)				
☐ Hydrog	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)					Loamy (Gleyed	Matrix	(F2)					Re	d Pare	nt Mate	ərial (1	TF2)			
□ Stratifie	ed Layers (A5) (I	LRR C)				Deplete	d Matrix	x (F3)						Oth	ner (Ex	plain ir	۱ Rem	arks)			
1 cm M	1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)						0ark Su	urface (F6)												
Deplete	Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)						e (F7)														
Thick D	Thick Dark Surface (A12)							8)					³ Inc	dicators	s of hvo	drophy	ytic vege	tation	and		
□ Sandy	Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)														-		nust be				
□ Sandy	Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)														unles	s distur	bed o	or proble	matic.		
Restrictive L	ayer (if presen.	t):																			
Туре:																					
Depth (Inches	s):									Hydric	c Soils	Pres	sent?			Y	es		No	\boxtimes	
Remarks:	No restrictive la	ayer, no	redox fe	atures	, no hy	dric soil in	dicators	s.													
HYDROLO	GY																				
	Irology Indicate	ors:																			
-	ators (minimum		equired	; check	all that	t apply)							Seco	ndary I	ndicate	ors (2 c	or mor	e requir	ed)		
	e Water (A1)					Salt Cru	st (B11)				_				(B1) (I					
	/ater Table (A2)					Biotic C	-	-						Sedim	ient De	posits	(B2) (Riverin	e)		
_	tion (A3)					Aquatic			(B13)							s (B3) (-			
	Marks (B1) (No	nriverin	e)			Hydroge										tterns (-				
Sedimo	_					Oxidized				Living R	oots (C	23)			-	Water		(C2)			
						Presenc		-	-	-	,	,		Crayfi	sh Bur	rows (C	28)	. ,			
	_					Recent	Soils (C6)				Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)										
						Thin Mu				,	,					itard (C		0		,	
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)				Other (E							Test (I										
Field Observ		. ,			_	, ,	•		,				_			(
Surface Wate		Yes		No	\boxtimes	Dec	oth (inch	hes):													
Water Table I		Yes		No		-	oth (inch	-													
Saturation Pr											14	Votio	nd Hvd	rology	Dross	nt?		Vac		No	
(includes cap	illary fringe)	Yes		No			oth (inch						nd Hyd	lology	riese	allf		Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Describe Rec	corded Data (stre	eam gau	uge, mor	nitoring	well, a	erial photo	os, prev	vious in	spectior	ns), if ava	ailable:	:									

Remarks: Drift deposts evident from water/flow from storm event on March 20-22, 2018. US Army Corps of Engineers